Centre for Computational Biology Post-Doc Candidate Seminar

Time :



Title : "Deciphering cancer mechanisms by integrative network analysis"

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3 June 2014

(Wednesday)

Speaker :



Dr. Sriganesh Srihari Post-doctoral Fellow Institute for Molecular Bioscience, The University of Queensland, St. Lucia, Australia

Host :

Prof Steve Rozen

Associate Professor, Program in Cancer & Stem Cell Biology Director, Centre for Computational Biology Duke-NUS Graduate Medical School Singapore

No registration is required. All are welcome. Any enquiry, please contact : Elisabeth Tan (elisabeth.tan@dukenus.edu.sg)

Abstract :

12:00 pm - 1:00 pm

Deciphering the *modus operandi* of cellular mechanisms in cancer is critical to implicate novel cancer genes and to develop effective anti-cancer therapies. Fundamental to this is the effective integration of multi-omics datasets that enables computational prediction and analysis.

Venue :

Meeting Room 7C (Level 7) Duke-NUS Graduate Medical School

(Opposite Singapore General Hospital, Block 6/7)

8 College Road, S169857

We performed a systematic comparison of protein *complexes* between pancreatic normal and tumour tissue conditions by integrating proteininteraction (PPI), gene-expression and genomic datasets. Our analysis revealed interesting change-patterns in protein composition and expression particularly affecting complexes involved in genome stability and cell-cycle control processes. Although in most cases these changes indicated impairment of essential functions (e.g. of DNA-damage repair), in several others we noticed strengthening of complexes possibly abetting cancer. Some of these compensatory complexes showed switches in transcriptional regulation through PPI rewiring. Extension of this assessment to familial BRCA1 and BRCA2 breast tumours revealed striking differences between the two sub-types. Such an analysis enables a more mechanistic understanding of how cells respond to therapies and suggests molecules that can be explored as targets. One such avenue is via the exploitation of synthetic lethality (SL) relationships, for which the BRCA1-PARP1 relationship is particularly notable. We identified a few other SL relationships, which are now being validated in several breast cancer cell lines.

About the Speaker :

Dr Sriganesh Srihari is a post-doctoral research fellow at the Institute for Molecular Bioscience, The University of Queensland Australia. His research interests include cancer systems biology, cancer genomics, computational biology and data mining. He holds a PhD in computer Science from the National University of Singapore.